

Oaks

RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser Kingdom of God

Autumn 1 2023 Main Learning: U2.6 KINGDOM OF GOD

For Christians, what kind of king is Jesus?



Key knowledge

- ☐ Jesus came to earth to save all people.
- ☐ Jesus wanted people to serve others especially those who are in need and vulnerable.
- ☐ Jesus has many names such as: Messiah, Son, King and Saviour.
- ☐ Christians believe that incarnation happened so that people could enter heaven.
- ☐ There are many parables that explain what the Kingdom of God is like: The Feast – Luke 14:12-24 and The Tenants in the Vineyard – Matthew 21: 35-46
- ☐ In Luke 4:1-13, Jesus declined an offer from the devil to be King of all the nations of the earth.

Vocabulary

Jesus	God's son, who Christians believe came to earth.
Incarnation	God becoming man: God becoming flesh.
Kingdom of God	A spiritual realm over which God reigns.
Parables	A simple story used to illustrate a moral or spiritual lesson, as told by Jesus in the Gospels.
Chief Priests	A person who has power of authority over others.

RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser Incarnation

Autumn 2 2023 Main Learning: U2.3 INCARNATION

Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah?



Key knowledge

- ❑ Incarnation is the Christian belief that Jesus is God in the flesh; that God became man and came to earth.
- ❑ Christians believe that God is three persons in one: God the father, Jesus the Son and the Holy Spirit.
- ❑ Christians believe that Jesus – who was Jewish – was the promised Messiah. Most Jewish people were not convinced at the time and today still don't think so.
- ❑ Christians believe that the true meaning of Christmas is celebrating a time when God sent his son – Jesus – to be the Messiah/Saviour.

Vocabulary

Messiah/ Saviour	Christians believe that Jesus is the Messiah/Saviour. They believe that he was sent by God to save all people.
Old Testament	This is the first part of the Christian bible and comprises of 39 books. It tells the story of God's plan to save humanity.
Gospel	These are four biblical narratives (stories) about the life and death of Jesus. They were written by: St Matthew, St Mark, St Luke and St John.
Incarnation	God becoming man: God becoming flesh.
Christmas	This is a Christian festival which celebrates the incarnation; the birth of Jesus. Christians will go to church and receive communion (body and blood of Christ in the form of bread and wine). It is celebrated on 25 th December.



RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser Islam

Spring 1 2024 Main Learning: U2.8 TAWHID/IMAN/IBADAH

What does it mean to be Muslim in Britain today?

Key knowledge

- ❑ The Five Pillars of Islam are the five obligations that every Muslim must satisfy in order to live a good and responsible life according to Islam. Shahadah (belief in **ONE** God and his Prophet); salat (daily prayer); sawm (fasting); zakah (almsgiving); and hajj (pilgrimage).
- ❑ Eid-ul-Fitr - It is celebrated on the 1st day of the month of Shawwal. On this day, Muslims are encouraged to dress in their best clothes and attend a special Eid prayer at their mosque. Before the prayer begins, Muslims make an alms payment (the Zakat al Fitr) in the form of food or its cash equivalent. This food and/or money is then distributed to the poor. After the special religious service, the focus turns to gift-giving. Children are given many gifts. Women get gifts from their loved ones.
- ❑ There are different Muslim groups – Sunni, Shi'a and Sufi. The Sunni and Shi'a agree on the main principals of Islam but differ with other aspects such as historical experiences. Sufi Muslims are emphatic that Islamic knowledge should be learned from teachers and not exclusively from books.
- ❑ In the Qur'an there are many powerful stories such as the Prophet's Night Journey (Surah 17). Some stories in the Qur'an seem to be shared with other religions such as Christian and Jewish people. We find the story of God telling Abraham to sacrifice his son in both the Qur'an and the Bible.
- ❑ There are over 1,500 mosques in the UK. A typical mosque also includes a minaret, a dome and a place to wash before prayers. Each feature has its own significance.
- ❑ Architecture is one of the greatest Islamic art forms. Mosques are highly decorated and colour is a key feature. This level of decoration is reserved for the inside only.

Vocabulary

Five Pillars

The five basic ritual or devotional duties of Sunni Muslims, namely: Shahada a declaration of faith in God; salat, five daily prayers; sawm, fasting; zakat, almsgiving; and hajj, pilgrimage to Mecca.

Hajj

A Muslim pilgrimage to Mecca, which takes place in the last month of the year and which all Muslims are expected to make at least once during their lifetime if they can afford to do so. It is one of the Five Pillars of Islam.

Hadith

A statement, action or approval attributed to the Prophet of Islam, Muhammad (PBUH).

Eid-ul-Fitr

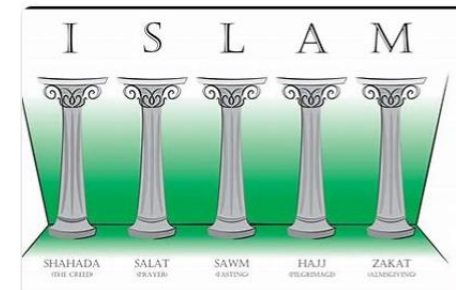
Is also known as the "Festival of Breaking the Fast", is a religious holiday celebrated by Muslims worldwide that marks the end of Ramadan,

Tawhid

Arabic for "declaring one god". Muslims believe that there is only one God.

Qur'an (Koran)

The Islamic sacred book, believed to be the word of God as dictated to Muhammad by the archangel Gabriel in 610. It was written down in Arabic.



RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser Salvation

Spring 2 2024 Main Learning: U2.5 SALVATION

What do Christians believe Jesus did to 'save' people?

Key knowledge

- ❑ Christians celebrate Holy Week. This is divided up into several parts.
- ❑ Jesus enters Jerusalem on Palm Sunday. He is greeted as a hero.
- ❑ Jesus is betrayed by a friend, Judas, and arrested in the Garden of Gethsemane.
- ❑ On Good Friday, Jesus, along with two thieves, is crucified and dies.
- ❑ Jesus is placed in a tomb.
- ❑ Three days later, on Easter Sunday, the tomb is found empty by Jesus' friends.
- ❑ Christians believe that Jesus rose from the dead. This is called resurrection.
- ❑ Many Christians believe that Jesus gave his life willingly to repair the damage done between humans and God. They believe it to be Jesus' sacrifice; a price he was willing to pay.
- ❑ Christians believe that people deserve punishment if they sin. Jesus was punished for the sins of all. By dying he lifted sins from all people.
- ❑ Christians believe that Jesus' death was not the end.
- ❑ Some Christians follow Jesus' example even to the point of dying for what they believe in. Statues of such people can be found above the great west door in Westminster Abbey.



Vocabulary

Holy Week	A very important week for Christians precedes Easter.
Last Supper	The last meal that Jesus shared with his disciples.
Garden of Gethsemane	The place where Jesus was betrayed by Judas.
Good Friday	The day Jesus was crucified and died on a cross.
Crucifixion	An ancient form of execution where people were bound or nailed to a cross.
Resurrection	Christians believe that this is when Jesus rose from the dead to everlasting life.
Salvation	Christian belief that Jesus died to save others. That he sacrificed himself.
Romans	The people in charge whilst Jesus was alive. They saw Jesus as a troublemaker.
Pilate	The Governor of Judea and the person who sentenced Jesus to death.
Martyr	A person who is killed because of their religious beliefs.



RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser **Thematic**

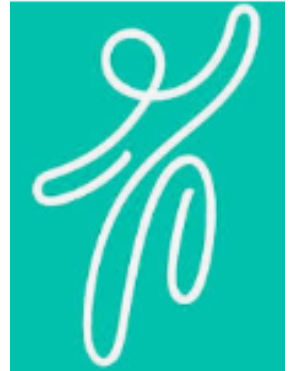
Summer 1 2024 Main Learning: *U2.10 What matters most to Humanists and Christians?*

Key knowledge

- ☐ Humanists are one group of non-religious people.
- ☐ Most humanists would agree with the ideas below:
 - There are no supernatural beings.
 - The material universe is the only thing that exists.
 - **Science** provides the only reliable source of knowledge about this universe.
 - We only live this life - there is no after-life, and no such thing as reincarnation.
 - Human beings can live ethical and fulfilling lives without religious beliefs.
 - Human beings derive their moral code from the lessons of history, personal experience, and thought.

Vocabulary

Humanism	A philosophy or way of thinking about the world. It is a set of ethics or ideas about how people should live and act.
Humanist	A person who follows the principles of Humanism.
Beliefs	A state of mind in which trust/confidence is placed in some one or some thing.
Atheism	Absence of/having no belief.
Morals	Standards of behaviour: knowing what is right and wrong.
Values	Beliefs of a person in which they have an emotional investment, for example: honesty.



RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser Creation/Fall

Summer 2 2024 Main Learning: U2.2 CREATION/FALL

Creation and science: conflicting or complementary?

Vocabulary

God	Who Christians believe is the creator and ruler of the universe and source of all moral authority; the supreme being.
Creation	The action or process of bringing something into existence.
Universe	All existing matter and space.
Evolution	The process by which living things have developed from earlier forms during their time on earth.
Interpret	To explain/understand the meaning of something.
Conflict	To be in disagreement with something.
Complementary	An idea or thinking that enhances another.
Scientists	A person who is studying or has expert knowledge of one or more of the natural or physical sciences.
Literally	The words mean exactly what they say.



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Key knowledge

- ☐ Jews and Christians believe that God created the world.
- ☐ Genesis 1:1-2:3 is an ancient text that was written over 2,500 years ago.
- ☐ Some Christians believe that the story of creation is a literal account whilst others believe that it is more of a description of what God and creation are like.
- ☐ Literal understanding can lead to conflict with science.
- ☐ Some Christians believe that creation and science can be complementary.

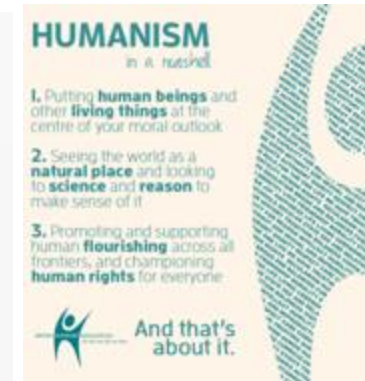
RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser **Thematic**

Autumn 1 2024 Main Learning: U2.11

Why do some people believe in God and some people not?

Key knowledge

- ☐ Christians believe in one God. That Jesus is his son who was sent to earth to save people.
- ☐ Jews believe that there is a single God who created the universe. They also believe that God still works in the world and this affects all they do.
- ☐ A Muslims believes in one true God – Allah. They believe that Islam was revealed to Muhammad over 1,400 years ago.
- ☐ Reasons people believe: family background, religious experiences, having prayers answered.
- ☐ Reasons people do not believe: family background, terrible suffering, famine, illness and war,



Vocabulary

Christian	A person who believes in Christ and his teachings.
Jew	A person who follows Judaism.
Muslim	A person who follows the religion of Islam.
Agnostic	Someone who cannot say if God exists or not.
Theist	Someone who believes in God.
Atheist	Someone who believes that there is no God.
Creation	The action or process of bringing something into existence.
Science	The study of the physical and natural world.

RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser Judaism



Autumn 2 2024 Main Learning: *U2.9 Why is the Torah important to Jewish people?*

Key knowledge

- ❑ Jews believe in one God and the command to love God with all their hearth, soul and might.
- ❑ This command is found the Torah – Deuteronomy 6:4-9.
- ❑ It can take up to 18 months to complete a Sefer Torah. Great accuracy is needed when the sofer (scribe) writes the scroll. If he makes any mistakes it can make the whole scroll pasul (invalid).
- ❑ People stand when a Torah is lifted.
- ❑ It must be treated with the utmost respect at all times.
- ❑ A Sefer Torah is so sacred to Jews it is said that if one is accidentally dropped in the synagogue the whole congregation must fast for 40 days.

Vocabulary

Shema	A Jewish prayer. It is the first two words of a section of the Torah and is recited in daily prayer.
Tefflin	Leather black boxes that contain the Torah.
Torah	The law of God as revealed to Moses and recorded in the first five books of the Hebrew scriptures (the Pentateuch).
Sefer Torah	Is a handwritten copy of the Torah and must meet extremely strict standards of production.
Progressive Jew	A Jew who believes in God, the Torah and Israel but also recognises the changing nature of the world in which they live.
Orthodox Jew	A Jew who adheres faithfully to the principles and practices of traditional Judaism.



Prior Knowledge–

people?

L2.10 How do festivals and family life show what matters to Jewish

KS1- who is a Jew and How do they live?

RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser God



Spring 1 2025 Main Learning: U2.1 GOD What does it mean if God is holy and loving?



Key knowledge

- ☐ Christians believe in one God. .
- ☐ They believe that God is three persons in one: God the Father, Jesus the Son and the Holy Spirit.
- ☐ Christians believe that God is loving, forgiving and holy.
- ☐ There are many Christian worship songs/hymns that emphasise the belief that God is holy and loving.
- ☐ Cathedrals were built by medieval Christians and were dedicated to the glory of God.
- ☐ In Christianity God can be depicted: this is prohibited in the Muslim and Jewish faiths.

Vocabulary

God	The creator and ruler of the universe and source of all moral authority; the supreme being.
Christian	A person who believes in Christ and his teachings.
Bible	The Christian holy book containing Christian scriptures, consisting of the Old and New Testaments.
Psalm	A sacred song or hymn, in particular any of those contained in the biblical Book of Psalms and used in Christian and Jewish worship.
Cathedral	The principal church of a diocese, with which the bishop is officially associated.
Divine	Of or like God.
Prophet	A person regarded as an inspired teacher or proclaimer of the will of God



RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser Gospel



Spring 2 2025 Main Learning: U2.4 GOSPEL

How do Christians decide how to live? 'What would Jesus do?'



Key knowledge

- ☐ Jesus taught his followers many things.
- ☐ The two most important are: love God and love your neighbour.
- ☐ The Wise and Foolish Builders (Matthew 7:24-27) tells Christians about two men. One built his house on a rock the other on sand. When the bad weather came the house on the sand was washed away. Jesus told this story so that his followers could understand that when they build their life they need good foundations and they are believing in God.

Vocabulary

Commandments	God gave these rules to Moses. There are 10 of them. God wants Christians to follow these.
Gospel	Mean 'good news'. There are 4 gospels written by Matthew, Mark, Luke and John.
Prayer	A way of asking God for help.
Christian Aid	A Christian charity that people can donate to. The charity offers help and support when disasters happen
Parables	Stories that Jesus told people that had a special message in them.

Love the Lord your God
*with all your heart and with all your soul
and with all your mind and with all your strength,*
—•&•—
Love your neighbour as yourself.
there is no commandment greater than these.
- Mark 12:30-31



RE Year 5/6 Knowledge Organiser Hinduism





Summer 1 2025 Main Learning: U2.7

KARMA/DHARMA/SAMSARA/MOKSH Why do Hindus want to be good?

Key knowledge

- ❑ Hinduism is a diverse religion so it difficult to say that all Hindus believe in... However, the beliefs in d'harma, karm, sansara and moksha are commonly held.
- ❑ The story of Mahabharata (The man in the Well) warns Hindus that they should pay attention to finding the way to escape the cycle of birth, death and rebirth.
- ❑ Hindus have four aims in life: d'harma, artha, karma and moksha. Each one is more important than the previous.
- ❑ Hindus ultimate goal is to be released from samsara (the cycle of birth, death and rebirth).

Vocabulary

Dharma		A Hindu's religious and moral duty.
Samsara		The cycle of birth, death and rebirth that Hindus believe in.
Karma		The cycle of what happens to a person is a result of their own actions.
Punusharthas		Four aims of life that Hindus believe in
Artha		The pursuit of wealth or material advantage, providing for family and society by honest means.



Sachin Tendulkar – international cricketer



Mahatma Gandhi – lawyer and peaceful political activist





Summer 2 2025

Main Learning: *U2.12 How does faith help people when life gets hard?*

Key knowledge

- ❑ Most religious traditions teach about some form of life after death: this can bring comfort to people who face suffering.
- ❑ The Hindu Shruti teaches about: the law of Karma and how it effects reincarnation and the cycle of life, death and rebirth until the person can be taken back to Brahman.
- ❑ The Christian Bible teaches about: Resurrection; Judgement by God and Salvation.
- ❑ Humanists believe that death is final: people are remembered in the memories of others.
- ❑ Different religions have their own way of marking death.

Vocabulary

Jewish Scriptures	The Jewish Bible is made up of three books; Torah, Nevi'im and Ketuvim.
Christian Scriptures	The Christian Bible is made up of the Old and New Testament.
Hinduism: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Karma 2. Atman 3. Samsara 4. Moksha 5. Brahman 	Karma – the sum of a person's actions throughout their lives. Atman – a person's soul Samsara – the cycle of death and rebirth. Moksha – the release from this cycle of death and rebirth. Brahman – Hindi God/Ultimate reality
Christianity: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Resurrection 2. Salvation 3. Heaven 	Resurrection – rising from the dead at the Last Judgement. Salvation – taking away sin and its consequences. Heaven – a place where God is and where good people go after death.

faith (noun)

1. A feeling, conviction, or belief that something is true or real, without having evidence.

